

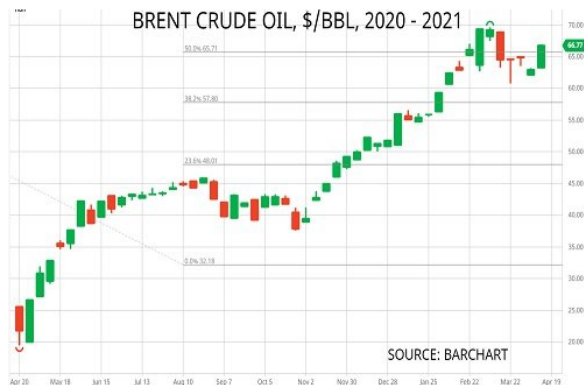
# Markets' hopes rise for a major "blow-off" rally

19 April 2021

Excitement continues to build in most financial markets, with commentators highlighting the potential for a **second 'Roaring Twenties'**

## Oil

Brent moved up \$3/bbl to close at \$66.72/bbl, amid the general market euphoria. Traders are clearly hoping they can retest the technically important area around \$70/bbl.



### HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ Today's euphoria takes no account of supply/demand reality. This means the market's key role of price discovery is undermined
- ◆ Higher oil prices give the illusion that the economy is doing well, encouraging OPEC to relax volume cuts
- ◆ US production is also being encouraged, with the rig count up another 7 this week, as producers can lock in higher prices on the futures curve
- ◆ The International Energy Agency now **forecasts** 610k bbl non-OPEC output growth in 2021, impacting OPEC's market share
- ◆ Unnecessary investment in refining capacity is also being encouraged, especially in **China**, and will lead to a surge in product exports

### WATCH FOR

Real world consequences from the price gains, leading to a sharp turn-around – possibly at the key \$70/bbl level

## S&P 500

The S&P ended at another record at 4185, with the VIX volatility index unchanged at 16.



### HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ As expected last week, a solid start from the financial sector to the Q1 earnings season supported equity bulls
- ◆ China's Q1 GDP data was also taken as a positive indicator for global recovery
- ◆ Positive news on vaccination progress and reopening the economy added to the atmosphere of optimism
- ◆ Weakness in interest rates has been a further positive factor, although we expect this to prove temporary
- ◆ Interestingly, the S&P's rally has seen it outperform Nasdaq again, suggesting the Tech area is falling out of favour

### WATCH FOR

Equity euphoria at risk if corporate outlook statements disappoint

## Interest rates

The yield on the 10-year rate ended down at 1.58% whilst the MOVE volatility index rose slightly to 63.



### HIGHLIGHTS

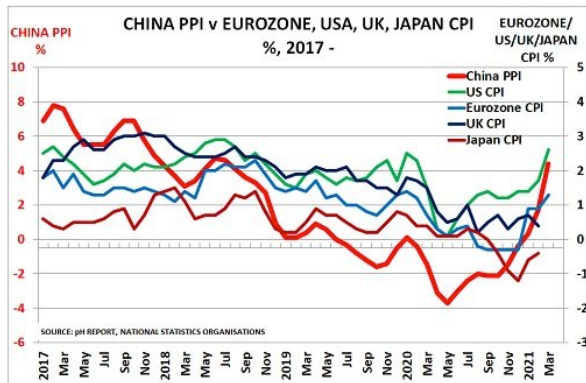
- ◆ Fed Chair Jay Powell's continued expectation for 'rates to remain low' led to downward pressure on bond yields
- ◆ Blackrock reported strong client appetite for high-yield during Q1
- ◆ Junk bond pricing was boosted by news on default rates falling to ten-month lows, taking average yields to within 10bp of February's low
- ◆ Bank of America estimates that junk bond yields imply a default rate of only 1.9% over the next 12 months
- ◆ Consumer and producer price inflation are both rising, as discussed below, with many companies taking the opportunity to raise prices

### WATCH FOR

Risks are rising in junk bond markets, which are becoming priced for perfection

## Inflation

The rise in China's Producer Price Index is now starting to roll through into western Consumer Price Indices



### HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ As we noted in **February**, "supply chain bottlenecks are having their usual short-term impact on inflation, as buyers over-order to try and ensure they receive at least some product"
- ◆ China's PPI hit 4.4% in March, its highest level since June 2018
- ◆ Beijing is clearly worried about the potential impact on consumer prices, and is already taking steps to cool the bubbles, particularly in housing
- ◆ But in the meantime, the hike in the PPI is now feeding through into the US CPI (2.6% in March), and the eurozone (1.3%). The UK will no doubt follow
- ◆ Even Japan has seen its CPI start to rise: it may well see the CPI make a rare move into positive territory in Q2

### WATCH FOR

Higher headline rates in Q2, due to the easy comparisons with 2020 – when prices collapsed along with demand due to the first lockdowns

## Summary

The market's short-term mentality is highlighted by the fact that it has only taken a few days of positive news to turn many investors into raging bulls.

	Oil	S&P 500	Interest rates
Market view today	Some concerns	All news is good news	Expecting modest inflation
Our current view	Negative	Reversion to mean inevitable	Expect long-term deflation
Positioning began	March 2021	March 2021	December 2020
Confidence level			
Initial	●	●	●
Today	●	●	●
Relevant positioning	Reality starting to dawn	Waiting for reality to dawn	Expecting higher rates for the 10-year and longer-dated Treasuries

Confidence level: ● = 100%, ● = 75%, ● = 50%, ● = 25%

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